Double D86 Distillation Productivity and Reduce Product Giveaway

AC8612™



AC8612

Traditionally, gasoline and gasoline related streams are analyzes using ASTM D86 physical distillation to determine boiling point range. The boiling point is important in monitoring process performance and product quality.

Fast D86 Analysis

Gas chromatography and Thermodynamics are the basis of the AC Analytical Controls AC8612 Analyze, reporting boiling range data for naphtha and gasoline samples within D86 groups 0, 1 and 2.

Within just eight minutes it provides a complete D86 report, including detailed hydrocarbon analysis. A True Boiling Point (TBP) report is also available. All calculations are made based on the 'Film Fugacity Model'*, and correlate perfectly to D86 physical distillation results.

The solution consists of a user friendly compact Agilent Technologies 6850 gas chromatograph configured with:

- A flame ionization detector (FID)
- A split/splitless inlet
- An automatic liquid sampler

KEY BENEFITS

- Fast D86 analysis
- Accurate analysis within D86 limits
- Less product give-away due to superior precision
- High automation allows unattended analyses
- High Safety Level
- Reduces cost of operation and labor cost



Save Time and Cost

AC8612 performs continuous analysis with minimal operator involvement, saving up to 75% on the labor costs of traditional D86 methods. AC Analytical Controls has also developed the AC8634 analyzer to determine boiling range data in D86 groups 3 and 4. Two traditional D86 units perform only two analyses per hour. Combining the AC812 and AC8634 applications enables you to perform eight analyses per hour.

High Safety Level

Concerns about user safety are now a thing of the past. The AC8612 eliminates any potential fire hazards issues often associated with traditional D86 physical distillation.

For more information on the Fugacity-Filmmodel please refer to the Journal of Chromatographic Science vol.36, September 1998, page 467 - 475.

APPLICATION

- Atmospheric Distillation
- Simulated Distillation
- Gasoline, Naphtha and group 0,1 and 2 sample types
- Fast D86 screening

METHODS

Correlates to: ASTM D86 standard



solidpartners provensolutions

AC8612[™] Superior Analysis Performance

Extensive side by side testing using different

sample types including alkylate, naphtha,

sites in Asia, Europe and the USA proves

reformate, FCC and gasoline from different

U.S.A

PAC, LP | 8824 Fallbrook Drive | Houston, Texas 77064 T: +1 800 444 TEST | O: +1 281 940 1803 | F: +1 281 580 0719 sales.usa@paclp.com | service.usa@paclp.com

FRANCE

BP 70285 | Verson | 14653 CARPIQUET Cedex T: +33 231 264 300 | F: +33 321 266 293 sales.france@paclp.com | service.france@paclp.com

GERMANY

Badstrasse 3-5 | P.O.Box 1241 | D-97912 Lauda-Königshofen, T: +49 9343 6400 | F: +49 9343 640 101 sales.germany@paclp.com | service.germany@paclp.com

SINGAPORE

61 Science Park Road | 03-09/10 The Galen Singapore Science Park III | Singapore 117525 T: +65 6412 0890 | F: +65 6412 0899 sales.singapore@paclp.com | service.singapore@paclp.com

NETHERLANDS

P.O.Box 10.054 | 3004 AB Rotterdam Innsbruckweg 35 | 3047 AG Rotterdam T: +31 10 462 4811 | F: +31 10 462 6330 sales.netherlands@paclp.com | service.netherlands@paclp.com

RUSSIA

Shabolovka Street | 34, Bldg. 2 | 115419 Moscow T: +7 495 617 10 86 | F: +7 495 913 97 65 sales.russia@paclp.com | service.russia@paclp.com

CHINA

Room 1003, Sunjoy Mansion | No. 6 RiTan Rd. Chao Yang District | Beijing 100020 T: +86 10 650 72236 | F: +86 10 650 72454 sales.china@paclp.com | service.china@paclp.com

INDIA

1036 Regus | Trade Center, Level 1 Bandra (E) - 400 051 | Mumbai T: +91 22 40 700 447 / 700 | F: +91 22 40 700 800 sales.india@paclp.com | service.india@paclp.com

MIDDLE EAST

A1 Quds Street, A1 Tawar road | LIUH13 Dubai Airport Freezone Near Dubai Airport (terminal 2) | P.O.Box 54781 | Dubai, UAE T: +971 04 2947 995 | F: +971 04 2395 465 sales.middleeast@paclp.com | service.middleeast@paclp.com

SOUTH KOREA

621 World Vision Building | 24-2, Youido-dong Seoul 150-010 T: +82 2785 3900 | F: +82 2785 3977 sales.southkorea@paclp.com | service.southkorea@paclp.com

THAILAND 26th Floor, M. Thai Tower | All Seasons Place 87 Wireless Road | Lumpini, Phatumwan | Bangkok 10330 T: +66 2627 9410 | F: +66 2627 9401 sales.thailand@paclp.com | service.thailand@paclp.com

PAC Authorized Representatives are located in almost every country. For more information visit www.paclp.com



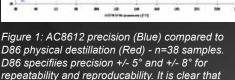
ANALYTICAL CONTROLS

www.paclp.com



Copyright © 2012 PAC L.P. All rights reserved 00.00.040 2012/2

C8612 data to correlate extremely well with classical D86 data method. (figure 1) is. -.



repeatability and reproducability. It is clear that AC8612 outperforms physical destillation and leads to less product giveaway!

•

Analysis Scope		
Sample matrix	Naphta	
	Gasoline	
	Reformate	
	Alkylate	
	FCC	
Analysis range	<c15< td=""><td>D86 BP Range groups 0,1 and 2</td></c15<>	D86 BP Range groups 0,1 and 2
Precision	D86	
Ordering in formation		
CCG2120AA	AC 8612 SYSTEM ON 120V 7890 GC	
CCG2120AC	AC 8612 SYSTEM ON 230V 7890 GC	
ACG2120AA	AC 8612 SYSTEM ON 120V 6850 GC	
ACG2120AC	AC 8612 SYSTEM ON 230V 6850 GC	
65986.420	Kit, Consumables AC 8612 /6850	
20001.206	n-Paraffin Calibration sample nC5-nC44	
20001.207	Quantitative Reference (PIONA) standard	
20001.300	Reformer Feed	
20001.302	FCC Naphtha	
20001.303	Isomerate	
20001.304	Alkylate	
20001.305	Gasoline K	

During the factory performance test and onsite installation an AC engineer will validate your system using QC samples from sample mix boxes included with the system

Petrespec

Apart from excellent D86 correlation, AC8612 has superior precision results compared to physical distillation. This allows results well within D86 specifications, and opens the door for further product give-away optimisation. (figure 2)

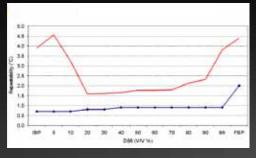


Figure 2: Exemplary AC8612 correlation with D86 physical destillation - n=29 samples, n=425 analyses.

USA · FRANCE · GERMANY · NETHERLANDS · UAE · RUSSIA · CHINA · SINGAPORE · SOUTH KOREA · THAILAND · INDIA

ac

herzog

ANTEK Cambridge Viscosity

PSPI